

3.18 The cumulative value of the age specific fertility rates at the end of the child bearing ages gives a measure of fertility known as Total Fertility Rate (TFR). TFR indicates the average number of children expected to be born per woman during her entire span of reproductive period assuming that the age specific fertility rates, to which she is exposed to, continue to be the same and that there is no mortality. The TFRs worked out on the basis of the ASFRs for the year 2012 are given below in Statement 25 for India and bigger States separately for rural and urban areas. The TFR for India in the year 2012 was 2.4 per woman and varies from 2.6 in rural areas to 1.8 in urban areas. Among the bigger States, it varies from 1.7 in Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal to 3.5 in Bihar. For rural areas, it varies from 1.7 in Himachal Pradesh, Punjab and Tamil Nadu to 3.6 in Bihar. For urban areas, such variation is from 1.2 in Himachal Pradesh and West Bengal to 2.5 in Bihar and Uttar Pradesh. Chart 15 presents levels of TFR by residence for India and bigger States, 2012. Distribution of bigger States by level of TFR in rural and urban areas is shown in Chart 16.

Statement 25

TFR (Total fertility rate) by residence, India and bigger States, 2012

India and bigger States	Total	Rural	Urban
India	2.4	2.6	1.8
Andhra Pradesh	1.8	1.9	1.7
Assam	2.4	2.5	1.5
Bihar	3.5	3.6	2.5
Chhattisgarh	2.7	2.9	1.8
Delhi	1.8	1.9	1.8
Gujarat	2.3	2.5	2.0
Haryana	2.3	2.4	2.0
Himachal Pradesh	1.7	1.7	1.2
Jammu & Kashmir	1.9	2.0	1.3
Jharkhand	2.8	3.0	2.0
Karnataka	1.9	2.0	1.7
Kerala	1.8	1.9	1.8
Madhya Pradesh	2.9	3.1	2.0
Maharashtra	1.8	2.0	1.6
Odisha	2.1	2.2	1.5
Punjab	1.7	1.7	1.6
Rajasthan	2.9	3.1	2.3
Tamil Nadu	1.7	1.7	1.7
Uttar Pradesh	3.3	3.4	2.5
West Bengal	1.7	1.8	1.2

Note : Rounded off to one decimal point.